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# LA SOSTENIBILITÀ DELL'ACQUA NEI SISTEMI AGROALIMENTARI



**Mercoledì 15 gennaio 2025 | Ore 14.15 - 15.30**



**Online - piattaforma Zoom**

# Membrane Processes in the Food & Beverage Industry

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# Classical and Developing Membrane Uses

## Dairy:

- Removal of bacteria and spores
- Separation and fractionation of casein, proteins
- Concentration and demineralization of whey

→ **New products** (fat globules).

## Wines:

- Clarification
- Stabilization

→ **Reduce alcohol content.**

## Juices:

- Clarification
- Concentration
- Deacidification

**New products** (low sugar, bioactive compounds, natural aroma); **sensitive substances.**

## Beers:

- Clarification

→ **Reduce alcohol content.**

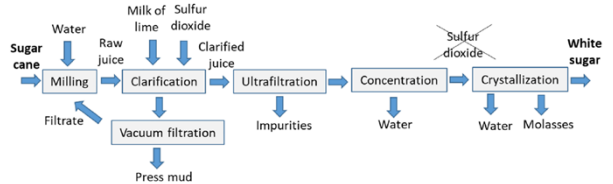
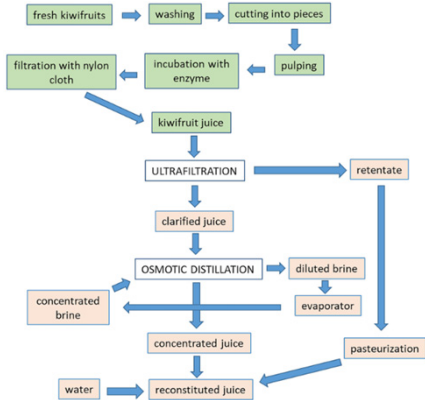
**High selectivity** toward substances of different size and properties

Possibility to **reduce or eliminate chemicals**

Extraction of **high-valuable and sensitive substances.**

**Water management and water reuse/recycling**

# Examples: Kiwifruit Juice and Sugars



from: Charcosset, Food Engineering Reviews (2021) 13:322–343.  
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s12393-020-09262-9>

# Water Consumption in EU Food Factories

Food Industry	Product	Unit	Specific water consumption
Dairy	Milk	$\text{m}^3 \cdot \text{ton}^{-1}$ of raw materials	0.33–12.61
	Cheese	"	0.24–4.9
	Powder milk	"	0.50–4.27
Fats and oils	Oilseed/ vegetable oil	$\text{m}^3 \cdot \text{ton}^{-1}$ of oil produced	0.2–4.5
	Olive oil	"	2.16–10.29 (3 installations)
Fruits, vegetables and agricultural	Potatoes	$\text{m}^3 \cdot \text{ton}^{-1}$ of products	10
	Tomato	"	2.5–9
	Fruits and vegetables	"	1–15
	Sugar beet	$\text{m}^3 \cdot \text{ton}^{-1}$ of beets	0–0.9
	Soft drinks and nectar/juice	$\text{m}^3 \cdot \text{hL}^{-1}$ of products	0–0.3 (maximum at 5.1)
Beverage	Beer	$\text{m}^3 \cdot \text{hL}^{-1}$ of products	0.2–0.6 (maximum at 3)

from: Garnier *et al.*, Journal of Food Engineering 344 (2023) 111397, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jfoodeng.2022.111397>

# Specific Uses

Water consuming activity	Beverage (%)	Meat processing (%)	Vegetable (%)	Dairy (%)
Ingredient	60	0	0	0
Plant cleaning	25	48	15	49
Cooling towers	2	2	5	6
Process operations	8	47	78	42
Auxiliary use	5	3	2	3

from: Garnier *et al.*, Journal of Food Engineering 344 (2023) 111397, <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jfoodeng.2022.111397>

# Examples of Successful Reuse/Recycling

## **Dairy:**

*Origin:* flushing water

*Typical treatment:* NF or RO

*Use of reused water:* heating, cooling, cleaning  
(quality often higher than potable water)

## **Beverages:**

*Origin:* bottle washing, tank rinsing

*Treatment:* NF or RO

*Use of reused water:* cleaning, rinsing, irrigation  
(quality often higher than potable water)

## **Fruits and Vegetables:**

*Origin:* washing cooking

*Treatment:* MF, NF or RO

*Use of reused water:* cleaning, first washing

## **Vegetable Oils:**

*Origin:* mill

*Treatment:* UF, NF or RO

*Use of reused water:* irrigation, safe discharge

# Case Study 1 @PoliTo

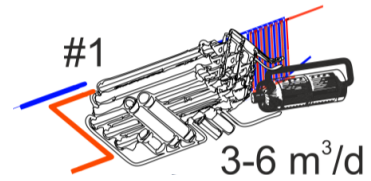
## Water Recycling in the Beer Industry



Sustainable membrane distillation  
for industrial water reuse and  
decentralised desalination  
approaching zero waste  
[www.melodizer.eu](http://www.melodizer.eu)

Parameter	Input Composition	Required Quality
Salinity	3 mS/cm	0.08-0.1 mS/cm
pH	7.7	8-8.5
TDS	2500 ppm	100 ppm
TOC	9.5 ppm	-
Hardness	47.3 fH	4-5 fH

→ **DESALINATION** REQUIRED  
Availability of **waste heat** from spent grains discharge (80-90 °C)



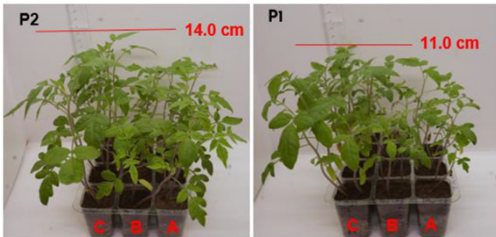


# Case Study 2 @PoliTo

## Water Recycling from Fuel Cells

Parameter	Input Composition	Required Quality
Salinity	5.7 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$	as pe:
pH	7.6	REGULATION (EU) 2020/741 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL
TDS	Very low	
TOC	3.2 ppm	
TN	< 1 ppm	

→ **DISINFECTION** and **CONTROLLED MINERALIZATION** REQUIRED for irrigation purposes

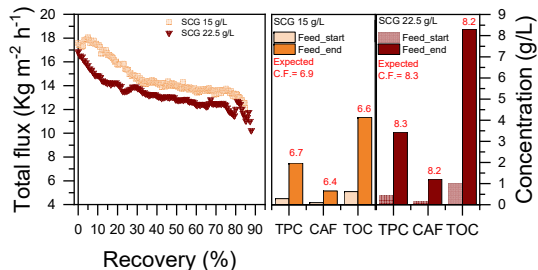


# Case Study 3 @PoliTo Water Recycling and Substance Extraction in the Coffee Industry



→ **CONCENTRATION** REQUIRED for  
substance extraction:

- › Caffeine
- › Flavonoids/polyphenols



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